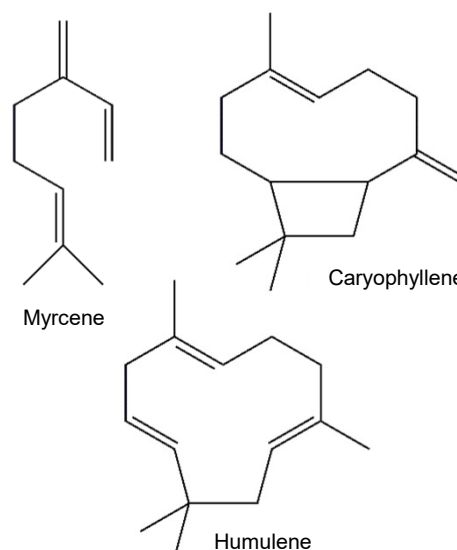


## Hop Oil (thin film)

### ❖ Overview

- **Hop Oil (thin film)** is produced from thin film evaporation of variety specified CO<sub>2</sub> hop extract and contains the complete range of essential oils found in them.
- **Hop Oil (thin film)** can be added at various points in the brewing process (typically on the cold side of production) and results in improved aroma yields compared to traditional hopping techniques.
- **Hop Oil (thin film)** imparts a pleasant hop aroma to beer which varies depending on the time of the addition.



### ❖ Specifications

- Description: pure hop oil made from thin film evaporation of CO<sub>2</sub>-hop extract
- Key compounds\*: myrcene, humulene, caryophyllene, farnesene
- Bitter substances: < 0.1 %
- Viscosity: approx. 10 mPas at 25 °C (77 °F)
- Density: approx. 0.85 g/ml at 20 °C (68 °F)  
approx. 1.0 g/ml at 20 °C (68 °F) if 1:100 diluted in PG

\*detailed information is provided in the accompanying certificate of analysis

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## ❖ Properties

### • Appearance

**Hop Oil (thin film)** is a nearly colorless, clear liquid, containing the complete range of hop essential oils.

### • Utilization

Depending on the time and point of the addition, the recovery rate for **Hop Oil (thin film)** can be as high as 95 %. Actual utilization will vary from brewery to brewery due to differences in equipment and process conditions.

### • Flavor

**Hop Oil (thin film)** can be used to provide a strong hop aroma, or alternatively, a more subtle hop aroma depending on the quantity added as well as the time and point of the addition.

The intensity of the bitterness might increase depending on the quantity added.

### • Quality

All Hopsteiner® products are processed in facilities which fulfill internationally recognized quality standards.

## ❖ Packaging

**Hop Oil (thin film)** is normally packaged in aluminum bottles in various sizes.

**Hop Oil (thin film)** is usually supplied pure.

A 1:100 dilution in propylene glycol is also available. Other dilutions may be available on request.

## ❖ Product Use

### • Dosage

The required quantity of **Hop Oil (thin film)** depends on the point of the addition:

Pre-fermentation: up to 5 g per hl

Maturation tank: 0.5 – 3 g per hl

Prior to filtration: 0.01 – 0.2 g per hl

The dosage rates above are intended for orientation only; actual additions will depend on the intensity of the aroma desired. Trials performed by injecting oil into the beer with a microliter syringe are helpful for determining the quantity of **Hop Oil (thin film)** required.

### • Addition

**Hop Oil (thin film)** can be added at different stages of beer production. Dosing equipment which pumps the product into the beer stream is preferred for the addition of **Hop Oil (thin film)**. Alternatively, it can be added to the tank prior to filling.

• Pre-fermentation: the loss of volatile compounds during fermentation, combined with the biochemical modification of aroma compounds by yeast, can produce a less grassy aroma.

• Maturation tank: additions to the maturation tank will result in slight changes to the hop aroma, due to yeast activity.

• Prior to filtration: direct additions result in an almost unchanged flavor. However, there are certain losses of non-polar compounds.

- **Storage**

**Hop Oil (thin film)** should be stored at temperatures < 10 °C (50 °F) in screw-top aluminum bottles.

- **Best Before Date**

**Hop Oil (thin film)** is stable one year from the date it was produced / packaged if stored under the recommended conditions. Packaging can be opened once per week for a period up to 1 month.

- **Safety**

Any product coming into contact with the skin should be immediately washed off with soap and water. If **Hop Oil (thin film)** gets into the eyes, flush with copious amounts of water until clear and seek medical attention. For full safety information, please refer to the relevant Hopsteiner® safety data sheet.

## ❖ Technical Support

We are pleased to offer assistance and advice on the full range of Hopsteiner® products:

- copies of all relevant analytical procedures
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
- assistance with pilot or full-scale brewing trials
- special analytical services

Disclaimer: The information provided in this document is believed to be correct and valid. However, Hopsteiner® does not guarantee that the information provided here is complete or accurate and thus assumes no liability for any consequences resulting from its application.

## ❖ Analytical Methods

- **Aroma Compounds**

Individual hop oil compounds can be analyzed by means of gas chromatography techniques using the following methods:

- Analytica-EBC 7.12
- ASBC Hops-17